(ख) यदि हां, तो इस प्रवृति को रोकने के लिए क्या कदम उठाए जा रहे हैं ; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और यदि नहीं, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं ?

उद्योग मंत्री (श्री जे० वेंगलराव) : (क) से (ग) व्यापार और पण्य वस्तु चिन्ह अधिनियम, 1958 में देश में पंजीकृत व्यापार चिन्हों के संरक्षण की व्यवस्था है । इस अधिनियम के अन्तर्गत व्यापार चिन्हों के स्वामी पंजीकृत प्रयोग-कर्त्ता सक्षम न्यायालय में अपने पंजीकृत व्यापार चिन्ह के अतिक्रमण के लिए शिकायत दर्ज कर सकते हैं । मै० सिलवानिया लक्ष्मण द्वारा दी गई सूचना के अनुसार, उन्होंने अपनी कम्पनी के नकली उत्पादों के निर्माण के संबंध में कोई शिकायत नहीं की है । मै० फिलिप्स आफ हालैंड द्वारा भारत में पंजीकृत "फिलिप्स" व्यापार चिन्ह के प्राधिकृत प्रयोगकर्त्ता मै० फिको इलेक्ट्रानिक्स एण्ड इलेक्ट्रिकल्स लि०, के अनुसार, छापे मारे गए हैं और व्यापार चिन्ह के अतिक्रमण के संबंध में उसके द्वारा की गई विशेष शिकायतों के फलस्वरूप अभियोग चलाया गया है ।

Production of Iodhie

*@254. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state;

(a) whether in view of the fact that iodine deficiency lead$_s$ to several disorders, Government have taken a decision to ensure supply of only iodised salt to every tonsnmer by 1992;

(b) whether it is a fact that at present enough iodine is not being produced in our country and has, therefore, to be imported at a very heavy cost; and if so, what is the expenditure incurred during tfce 1*at three years for the purpose;

<$ Previously . Starred Question 214, «r*nsferred from the 29th April, 1987.

(c) whether it is also a fact that eea weeds and sea elgie, which are abundantly, available in India's maritime economic zone, is a very rich source for producing iodine; and

(d)'°if so, what steps are being taken by Government to fully exploit this rich resource anil make iodine available at a cheaper cost both for salt manufacture and other medicinal purposes?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI *i.* VENGAL RAO): (a) The iodised salt in the simplest and cheapest method for prevention of goitre and other iodine deficiency disorders. In order to tackle the problem of goitre|iodine deficiency disorders, the Government has decided to iodise entire edible salt in a phased mariner by 1992.

(b) There are no known sources of iodine in India and all the requirements of Iodine are met through imports. The expenditure incurred on imports from April, 3982 to March, 1985 is 1561.52 lakhs.

(c) and (d) The type of sea weeds from which iodine cqn be produced is not available in India's martime econo mic zone. "

Marketing of essential drags

«%$6. DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY; Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to stale:

, (a) whether it is a fact that certain companies have been marketing essential medicines without obtaining the price approval, after getting 'them manufactured from small scale units, after announcement of the measures to rationalise the drug policy in December, 1986; if so, what ar$_e$ the details thereof;

(b) whether it is a fact that Government do not propose to modify the exemption limit for small scale units; and

(c) what measures have been and are proposed to be taken to stop misuse of this facility by medium and large scale drug companies?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY i (SHRI J. VENGAL RAO): (a) As per \ provisions of Drugs (Prices Control) Order 1979, the small scale units exempted from seeking price approvals under Para 13 and 14 are free to market their products through any other agency.

(b) and (c) The issue of exemption limit of Rs. 50 lakhs sales turnover and the prevailling practice of medium and large scale drug companies marketing the products of exempted companies are now under active examination of the Government.

Augmenting resources for development of petroleum *sector*

i;257. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAIAN; SHRI LAL It ADVAN1:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether for augmenting resources for development of petroleum sector, the Oil Industry (Development) Act was passed in 1974 to collect cess on domestic oil production;

(b) if so, what was the amount collected during each of the last three years and how much of it has been diverted to meet the deficit of the General Budget; and

(c) what is the likely impact thereof on the three new grassroot refineries at Karnal, Mangalore and Assam?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The requisite information is given ia the statement laid on- the Table of the sabha.

Statement . ' ^' "

(b) (J) The amount of cess on crude oil collected during each of the last three years was:

	(Rs. in crores)
1984-85 . .	843.53
1985-86 . .	872.92
1986-87 . .	981.30 (provisional)

(ii) In accordance with the pro isions of section 16 of the Act, the entire .proceeds of cess are required to be credited to the Consolidated Fund of hidia and the Central Government may, it Parliament by appropriation made by law in this behalf so provides, pay *to* the Oil Industry Development *Tucd* such aims of money 'as.it may think fit. In view of this, no diversion may be said to have taken place.

(c) Does not arise.

Oil wells drilled at Nariman, Koviiutippal

*258. SHRI K. GOPALAN:
SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) how many oil wells were drilled'by ONGC at Nariman, Kovilk'alappaJ etc. in Cauvery basin in Palk Bay till now;

(b) hovv many of these wells were found to contain oil, and gas indicating the estimated reserves and the depth of eacfa well, and 'also the date when oil/gas *wets* found therein;

(c) what had been the expenditure involved i"n respect of each well. Old the total cost so involved;

(d) whether oil drilling operation has been resumed in those wells where it was suspended earlier; if so, the reasotu therefor; and

(e) by when the ONGC is likely to start commercial production from these wells and what 'are 'he future expansion plans in these areas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF